हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों से करों की वसूली

3413. **श्री राघवजी:** क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) 31 दिसम्बर, 1991 को हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों में क्रमशः विनिर्दिष्ट और गैर विनिर्दिष्ट आयकर दाताओं की संख्या कितनी थी; और

(ख) 1988-89 से 1991-92 तक के कर-निर्धारण वर्षों के दौरान हिंदू अविभाजित परिवारों की दोनों श्रेणियों में करदाताओं से वर्षवार कितना-कितना आयकर और सम्पत्ति कर वसूल किया गया था?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री रामेश्वर ठाकुर): (क) और (ख) वित्त वर्ष 1990-91 के दौरान आयकर-निर्धारिती हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों की संख्या 3,80,680 थी। विनिर्दिष्ट तथा गैर-विनिर्दिष्ट आयकर-निर्धारिती हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों के अलग-अलग ब्यौरे नहीं रखे जाते हैं।

विभिन्न श्रेणियों के हिन्दू अविभाजित परिवारों द्वारा अदा किए गए आयकर तथा धनकर से संबंधित आँकड़े आयकर विभाग द्वारा संकलित नहीं किए जाते हैं।

Financial Assistance under National Equity Fund Scheme for S.S.I. Units

3414. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA:
SHRIMATI PRATIBHA SINGH:

will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that financial assistance under national equity fund scheme/soft seed capital assistance of Small Industires Development Bank of India is made available to entrepreneurs availing financial assistance under single window loan scheme for setting up of new SSI Units having maximum project cost upto Rs.10 lakhs, irrespective of the population criteria whatsoever, for instant generation of high growth rate of employment to eradicate proverty and unemployment under the New Liberal Policy for small sector;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) if reply to part (a) above is in negative what are the financial and economic loss and disadvantages SIDBI is likely to incur for providing financial assistance under national equity fund scheme for providing soft seed capital assistance having population exceeding five lakhs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) and (b) It has been reported by SIDBI that in line with the new policy measures for promoting and strengthening of small, tiny and village enterprises, the scope of the National Equity Fund (NEF) Scheme has been widened to cover projects upto Rs.10 lakhs for equity support upto Rs. 1.5 lakhs (15% of the project cost). The thrust of the scheme is to encourage SSI units in village and small towns. Hence the assistance is available to new units in the small scale sector located in areas having population upto 5 lakhs. The units eligible for seed capital assistance under the NEF scheme can also avail of the working capital assistance under SIDBI's Single Window Scheme (SWS) earlier operated through SFCs and twin function IDCs and now also channelised through commercial banks.

(c) It is not possible to assess the extent of loss likely to be incurred by SIDBI in the event of a delinking of the population criterion under the NEF Scheme, as this will be dependent on the number of additional enterprises which will become eligible for assistance under the Scheme, a precise quantification of which is problematic.

Schemes Offered by Delhi Finance Corporation

3415. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA:
SHRIMATI PRATIBHA SINGH:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names and details of various schemes stipulated by the Delhi Finance Corporation, New Delhi for liberal financial assistance;

(b) whether it is a fact that Delhi Finance Corporation has recently introduce equipment and commercial vehicle leasing schemes at very liberal terms to generate high growth rate of employment and to eradicate poverty;

(c) if so, what are the details of such schemes and particulars of liberal terms offered; and

(d) what are the names and details of schemes which have been modified and new ones added, maximum financial assistance offered and details of their liberal terms, scheme-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) Delhi Financial Corporation (DFC) has reported that it has various schemes for financial assistance to small scale and medium scale industrial concerns. There are general schemes for providing term loan to small scale units and medium scale units, hospitals, tourism related activities, hotels, ice and cold storages, small hotels and restaurants. There are schemes for special categories, schemes for specific purposes, schemes for weaker sections of society, the Single Window Scheme for tiny and small units, non-project financial assistance, schemes for marketing support to small, cottage and village industries and the equipments/vehicle lease financing scheme. The details of the schemes are publically available in the brochures brought out by DFC.

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir. The Corporation has recently introduced the Equipment/ Vehicle Lease Financing Scheme for lease financing of equipment as well as transport vehicles. All existing and financially viable small scale and medium scale industrial units located in the Union Territory of Delhi or Chandigarh and preferably registered with the Commissioner of Industries, Delhi or Chandigarh or DGTD are eligible for availing assistance under the scheme. Further, the minimum limit of financing is Rs.1 lakh and the maximum is of Rs. 90 lakhs. In addition to execution of lease agreement/bond, the lessee shall also furnish third party guarantee/ colateral security acceptable to the Corporation as per its norms.

(d) DFC has reported that the ceiling in respect of the Single Window Scheme was revised upward and the scheme now covers new, tiny and SSI units whose project cost does not exceed Rs. 20 lakhs and whose working capital requirement is upto Rs.10 lakhs. Another scheme has been added for qualified professionals in the field of management, accountancy, medicine, architecture, engineering etc. for setting up for the first time their professional practice or consultancy ventures and also, to a limited extent for the existing established professional firms. The Capital outlay of each such project should not exceed Rs.10.00 lakhs.

Request for Import of Cameras at Concessional Rate of Duty

3416. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received representations from the Punjab Photographers Association (Regd.) Jallandhar and Members of Parliament, recently requesting Government to allow photographers to import still cameras and video cameras on concessional custom duty as has been done in the case of Film Industry.

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(c) what action has been taken by Government thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) and (b) A letter dated 7.2.1992 has been received from Shri Bekal Utsahi, Hon'ble M.P. enclosing therewith copies of representations dated 30.1.92 and 19.12.91 addressed to the Finance Minister from Punjab Photographers' Association (Regd.), Jallandhar for permitting import of video cameras and equipments at concessional duty rates at par with Cine, TV and Press Industry.

(c) In the budget for 1992-93, as part of the reduction in the peak rates of import duty, the maximum of basic plus auxiliary rates of import duties on video cameras and equipments has been brought down to 110%.

Refinance to Regional Rural Bank's Sponsored by United Bank of India

3417. SHRI ASHIS SEN: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the sponsoring banks are required to provide refinance to the Regional Rural Banks sponsored by them to carry on its activities;

(b) if so, what are the shortfalls in extending needed refinance by the United Bank of India to the concerned Regional Rural Banks till the end of March, 1991; and

(c) whether it is also a fact that Nadia Gramin Bank did not receive any refinance from the United Bank of India